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THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Saturday, SEPTEMBER 13. to Saturday, SEPTEMBER 20. 1735.

LONDON, *May* 27.

HIS Majeſty has purſu'd his Journey with ſuch Expedition, that ſeveral Coach-Horſes were kill'd, as were alſo ſome of thoſe belonging to the Guards that eſcorted him

Letters come by a French Mail from Languedoc aſſure us, that the Militia are as well exerciſed there, as the regular Troops: That the Levies go on briskly, and with great Succeſs: Reaſon good, as they ſay, becauſe in the King's Service they have Bread to eat From Province they write, that there are not above 600 Militia, no Men to make Levies; but ſhould the Levies be compoſed of Women, it is not doubted but that an Army of 100,000 could be formed in a Fortnight.

May 28. The Right Honourable Horatio Walpole, Eſq; His Majeſty's Ambaſſador to the States General had a few Days ago an Audience of their High Mightineſſes, and preſented a Memorial, couch'd in very pathetick Terms, conjuring them to put the Republick in ſuch a Condition as might give more Weight to their Mediation, and enable them to act in Concert with the King his Maſter. This Memorial which is thought an extraordinary Step, was received *ad referendum*, and has been ſince communicated to the States of Holland and 'tis believed it will be to the other Provinces, with proper Letters from their High Mightineſſes, deſiring particular Inſtructions may be ſent to their Deputies on ſo important an Occaſion.

We hear that his Majeſty, in the ſhort Interview he had with the Prince of Orange on his landing at Helvoetſluys, deſired his Highneſs not to go this Campaign, to the Rhine, his Preſence being more neceſſary in Holland.

The Britiſh and Dutch Miniſters at Petersburg having inſinuated to the Czarina, that France was peremptory to ſet Staniſlaus upon the Throne of Poland, and that it was to be wiſh'd ſome Method could be found out to reſtore Peace to Europe, her Czarian Majeſty anſwer'd, That it could never be done by giving the Crown to Staniſlaus, for that ſhe was convinc'd that Auguſtus was legally choſen, and ſhe would never depart from Juſtice let the Conſequence be as it would.

May 29. The French and Spaniſh Courts are greatly alarm'd at the Fleet his Majeſty has been pleaſed to order to Lisbon. 'Tis aſſur'd, they try'd their utmoſt Efforts to prevent its ſailing; but his Majeſty was not to be mov'd from the Glory of ſaving a defenceleſs Nation, who has no Friends but Great Britain capable of aſſiſting her.

'Tis ſaid Sir John has Orders to warn the Spaniards againſt committing Hoſtilities againſt Portugal as our Ally, either by Land or Sea, and to acquaint them with what they muſt expect if they do.

We hear that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Mr. *Oglethorpe* to be one of the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations, in the room of Mr. Docminique deceaſed.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, *June* 3.

Count d'Uhlfeldt, his Imperial Majeſty's Miniſter at this Place, has lately preſented a new Memorial to the States-General, relating to the famous Plan of Pacification. His Excellency had been perfectly inform'd of the Purport of the Anſwer the Allies deſign'd to make, long before the Marquis de Fenelon receiv'd it; he alſo knew the Time when and the Inſulting Manner in which this Gentleman would deliver it, and had prepared himſelf to make a right Uſe of the Occaſion: Accordingly his Excellency gave into their High Mightineſſes, a Declaration on the Part of his Imperial Majeſty, accepting the Plan without the leaſt Reſtriction, and deſiring that the ſame might become a Preliminary and Baſis for a Negotiation, which he was ready to begin, in order to an Accommodation of the Troubles of Europe. The Stile of this Declaration was ſo tender and reſpectful, that it ſerv'd as a Foil to that of the Allies, and made the latter appear haughty and diſtaſteful, and had entirely the Effect deſired, which was to irritate the Maritime Powers againſt the Conduct of the Allies. 'Tis aſſur'd, that theſe two Pieces have made ſuch contrary Impreſſions, that the Grand Penſionary and ſome of the Deputies who where the moſt inclin'd to France, have abſolutely chang'd their Opinions, and determined to ſtand up for the Imperial Houſe. Men take as an Earneſt of this, the Conference which Count d'Uhlfeldt had laſt Week with their High Mightineſſes Deputies, in Conjuction with Mr. Walpole, in order to engage their High Mightineſſes to declare in Favour of the Emperor, and to act in Concert with his Britannick Majeſty, ſince 'tis beyond all Doubt at preſent, that the Allies intend to drive the Imperialiſts entirely from Italy, and conſequently deſtroy the Ballance of Power, and poſſeſs themſelves of the Commerce and Navigation of the Mediterranean and Levant. 'Tis aſſur'd that this Conference is the moſt important of any that has been held a long Time, and that his Imperial Majeſty has Reaſon to be ſatisfied with the Iſſue; but whatever the Maritime Powers may reſolve, they can undertake nothing this Campaign, and only take Meaſures to be prepar'd and ready for acting vigorouſly againſt the next. England, no doubt has behav'd prudently in declining to engage haſtily in a War which no Creature can pretend to foreſee the Event of; but this may be depended on too, that the Force of the Engliſh Arms will have more Influence upon the Allies, and ſerve the Emperor much more Effectually than all the Attempts of its good Offices.

To the Author of *St. James's Evening Poſt.*

SIR,

'CAPT. Steward having taken in a Lading in the 'Thames, and being bound for Holland, was obliged to put in at Dunkirk, where he was to deliver ſome 'Goods: But as ſoon as he had done ſo, one of the Sailors 'was debauch'd from him, and inliſted for the Service of 'France. The Captain ſurpriz'd at ſo extraordinary a 'Proceeding, went immediately to the Commandant of the 'Admiralty at Dunkirk, reclaiming his Sailor, and com-'plaining of the Violence offer'd to the Treaties between 'the two Crowns, eſpecially the Treaty of Utrecht; ſaying

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at the ſame Time, that he could not leave the Port without his Servant, and muſt be obliged to write to the Court of Great Britain if the Admiral of Dunkirk refus'd him Juſtice.

'But a Complaint made ſo much in the neceſſary Form, and with ſo much Reſpect to the Government of the Place, met with a very odd Reception; inſtead of the Juſtice requir'd, Monſieur Commandant of the Admiralty of Dunkirk *ſent the Engliſh Captain to Priſon*, and would not ſuffer him to be releas'd, until he had firſt given the Sailor a formal Diſcharge under his Hand, and paid him the Wages he demanded, tho' he had not perform'd the Voyage. Againſt this arbitrary Treatment and Violence uſed to the Subjects of Great Britain, Capt Steward made a Proteſt as ſoon as he recover'd his Liberty, and alſo ſent an Information of it to the Admiralty of London: But we muſt now wait for the Sentiments of our Stateſmen, and the Meaſures they deſign to take on an Affair which has made a great deal of Noiſe, and is now pretty well known almoſt all over Europe. You may print this as a Fact that can be well vouched. Capt. Hammond who arriv'd this Morning from Dunkirk, and who is every Day at the Exchange, was an Eye-witneſs of the whole Affair.

I am, SIR, Yours, &c P. S.

Paris, June 9. We hear that the French Fleet is in Motion, conſiſting of upwards of forty Men of War, in order to obſerve the Motions of the Britiſh Fleet.

ANTIGUA, July 21,

We had here the 16th Inſt. 13 or 14 of the terribleſt Shocks of an Earthquake that has been known for a long Time, the firſt was about 9 o'Clock in the Evening, it began with a terrible rumbling, and the Houſes reeling and rocking, we expected we ſhould have been all ſwallowed up in a Moment; ſo that I haſtned on board as faſt as I could, and about 11 was more ſurprized than on ſhore, for I felt the Ship riſe up I believe 2 foot and ſhake as if ſhe would have dropt to Pieces, and fall down again. I don't hear of any Damage the Earthquake has done but only to one Wind-mill, and that is Split from the Top to the Bottom. What was taken Notice of, the Fiſh before the Shocks came, aroſe out of the Water in whole Sholes in many Places about the Iſland.

Boſton, Aug. 4 Laſt Tueſday a horrid Attempt was made here to poiſon Mr. Humphrey Scarlet of this Town, Victualler, his Wife and 2 Children; ſome Arſenick or Ratsbane having been put into a Skillet of Chocolate which they eat for Breakfaſt; Finding themſelves ſoon after all diſordered thereby, immediately applied to a Phyſician, and upon uſing proper Means, we hear, they are in a likely Way to do well. This murderous Attempt was upon the ſtrongeſt Ground ſuppos'd to be from the Contrivance of 2 of Mr. Scarlet's Negroes, a Man named Yaw, and a Boy named Cæſar; who were thereupon both apprehended and carried before Mr. Juſtice Savage; and being Examined, Yaw deny'd his having any Hand in putting the Poiſon into the Skillet; but yet ſaid, that he ſaw Cæſar have ſuch white Lumps as thoſe which were taken out of the Skillet two or three Days before in the Chamber, but ſaid he knew not what he intended to do with them; but that Cæſar giving them to him, he ever ſince kept them in the Chimney Corner upon the Top of an Oven; and that the Lumps taken out of the Skillet and ſhewn him, were the ſame; and that Cæſar the Day before, would have him put the ſaid Lumps into Water to poiſon his Miſtreſs. The Negro Boy Cæſar upon his Examination appear'd very unconcern'd and chearful at firſt, and made great Shews of his Innocency, but yet acknowledged, that a Negro Man belonging to Capt. Whiting, of Briſtol, gave him ſome white Lumps, which he told him would poiſon Hogs, and that he had kept them in his Pocket ever ſince, till the laſt Sabbath-Day, when Yaw ask'd him for them, as he had done ſeveral Times before, and that he gave them to him, and Yaw told him that he would take Care of, but did not let him know what he intended to do with it, only that he would put it into Water for ſome Body to drink, and that he told him not to do it then, but ſtay 'till he came back. And further, he ſays, that the ſaid Yaw had often ask'd for the Lumps to poiſon his Miſtreſs. A Negro Woman named Betty was alſo examined, but it appearing that ſhe knew nothing of the Affair, and having (as ſhe ſaid) lick'd her Maſter's Porringer after he had been to Breakfaſt, was found to be alſo poiſoned, ſhe was diſmiſs'd. A young Man living at Mr Scarlet's ſaid, He ſaw Yaw have ſuch white Lumps in his Hand that morning, in the Cloſet, as were taken out of the Bottom of the Skillet, which being again ſhown to him he acknowledged they were the ſame. Some black Powder was found in Yaw's Pocket when upon his Examination, which is thought to be a Mixture of a poiſonous Nature: And the Night after ſome more Rats-bane was found wrapt up in a Paper in a little Cloſet, where Yaw kept his Things. Both the Negroes are hereupon committed to Goal; and as 'tis not doubted, they both joined together in this villanous and barbarous Attempt, [whereby the Lives of 5 Perſons at once were put into extream Hazard] 'tis hoped they will both be made Examples of, by ſome ſevere Puniſhment, for deterring other ſuch Wretches from the like abominable Attempts for the future.

Boſton, June 30. We have Advice from Cape Fear, that Capt. Marret, who ſail'd from this Town ſome time ſince in a Brigt. for that Place, was attacked on his Voyage by a Number of Negroes in a ſmall Sloop which they had run away with from the ſaid Cape, but were overcome by the People on board the Brigt. and carried in, where ſome of them were hanged for Examples to others who ſhould attempt the like for the future. 'Tis ſaid they were for the Spaniſh Coaſt to enrich themſelves, but happened to be nab'd before they had taken a Penny worth of Spoil.

By Capt. *Bardine*, who arrived here on the 28th Inſtant, from the North-ſide of *Jamaica*, we are informed, that a body of Men Whites and Blacks belonging to the Pariſhes of St. *Ann's* and St. *James's*, in two Days March from the Queen of *Spains* Valley [ſo called] came up with a Party of the rebellious Negroes in the Cock-Pitts, killed 14, wounded 4 and took 4 Priſoners. The Engliſh Negroes behaved bravely in order to ſuppreſs the Rebels.

New-York, Aug 18. On the 12th Inſtant arrived here a Brigt. in 21 Days from Jamaica, the Maſter whereof ſays, the Day before he ſailed, it was reported, the Parties, which were out after the rebellious Negroes, had killed and taken about 25 of them, and had taken about 40 Fire Arms. That the Government were about making Roads clear through the Iſland, for the better ſupreſſing theſe Negroes, and are for continuing Marſhal Law. That the Governor was not then arrived, but daily expected. That Commodore Dent was arrived there from England, and ſome other Men of War; That 1700 or 1800 Men were ſtill out after the rebellious Negroes.

That the day before Capt. *Hunt* ſailed, a Ship arrived from *England*, which ſhe left the firſt or fifth of June, the Maſter whereof Reported, that all the Ships of War in England were put in Commiſſion.

PHILADELPHIA, *Aug.* 21.

We hear from Providence in this County, that a young Woman about 19 Years of Age, is now under Confinement, for concealing the Birth of her Baſtard Child; and burying it in the Orchard. It ſeems her Maſter and Miſtreſs had ſuſpected her being with Child, but ſhe conſtantly deny'd it, and they being from Home on the 4th Inſt. ſhe was Deliver'd by herſelf and bury'd the Child about 9 Inches under Ground: After this, her Miſtreſs obſerving her to appear ſmaller, put it cloſe to her that ſhe had been deliver'd of a Child, but ſhe would own nothing, 'till ten Days after, when Milk being found in her Breaſts and a Conſtable threatn'd to be ſent for, ſhe confeſs'd the whole.

A few Days ago, ſome Fiſhermen took a Shark in a Net, in the River a little above this City; he was upwards of ſeven Foot long; 'Tis but ſeldom a Shark is found ſo high in freſh Water.

On Tueſday a Negro Man was whip'd round the Town at the Cart's Tail, 63 Laſhes, for attempting to raviſh a white Child about 12 Years of Age.

Price Current in Philadelphia. [*Aug.* 21.]

Flour 11 *s* per Hund. White Biſket, 17 *s.* Middling ditto 15 *s.* brown do. 12 *s* Ship do. 13. Rice 20 *s.* Turpentine 5 to 6 *s.* Pitch 10 *s* Tar 8 *s.* Loaf Sugar *p.* ℔. 14 to 22 *d.* Wheat 3 *s.* 6 *d per Buſh.* Indian Corn 1 *s.* 8 *d.* Madera Wine 20 *£.*

ON Tueſday next the 23d Inſt. at the New-market houſe will be expoſed to Sale by publick Vendue the Sloop *Eagle*, now lying in the Harbour; of her Circumſtances Enquire of *John Parris.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charlestown,

Entred inwards.

Ship Brook, John Keet from London.
Ship Charming Sally, Wm. Gutteridge from Lizbon.
Ship Happy Couple, Abraham Hill from Affrica.
Sloop Speedwell, James White from Philadelphia.

Entred out.

Sloop Sharewater, Tho. Wilkinson for Rhode-Island.
—— Eliz. Sam Newton for St. Christophers.

Clear'd for Departure.

Snow Success, John Hall to Bristol.
Schooner Neptune, Mansfield Tucker to Providence.
Sloop Ranger, Wm. Gibson to ditto.
—— Phœnix, Samuel Crow to Jamaica.
—— Winyaw, Wm. Beale to Boston.

EXPORTED from this PLACE since *Nov* 1, 1734.

Rice 45072 Barrels, & 1038 Baggs. Pitch 22998 Tar 5492. Turpentine 7065. Whereof 15791 Barrels of Rice and 1006 Bags for FOREIGN MARKETS.

PRICES of the following GOODS

Rice	3 l	Middl. ——	5 l.
Pitch per Barrel	47 s. 6 d.	White ——	7 l.
Tar per Bar.	35 s.	Milk Bisket ——	10 l.
Turpentine per C.	16 s. 3 d.	Ship Bread ——	4 l. 5 s.
Indian Corn per B.	11 s. 3 d.	Salt per Bushel	7 s. 6 d.
Skins per Pound	19 s.	Wine per Pipe	75 l.
Flower per Hund	4 l.	Melasses per Hogsh.	7 s. 6 d.
Brown Bread	4 l.	Barbadoes Rum	11 s. 3. d.

Advertisements.

Just imported in the Ship *Brook, John Keet* from *London*, & to be sold by *John Watson* at his Store opposite, to *Elliot's* Bridge, womens & girls short scarlet cloaks; mens womens & childrens shoes; a very good new spinett; Lizbon wine, red & white; Genoa hose; Russia linnen, very great variety of cambricks, kantings and bagg holland; holland tapes of sundry breadths; cadiz diaper, ditto plain, sewing silk, wigg ribbon and wigg cauls, necklaces, silver & gold lace, and ditto for knee garters, velvet whisks; pickles, velvet, good green tea at 25 s *per* pound in cannisters, hair powder, cotton laces, currans, almonds and raisins, woolen hose, and caps, &c. and several other goods lately imported *viz.* tafeties, damasks, brocades, romals, train oyl, corks, gloves and sundry other goods.

He hereby desires all who are indebted to him, for goods bought before February *last, would discharge the same, else they will be sued without further ceremony.*

Just imported *in the Ship* Brook, *from* London, *and to be sold by* Peter Horry, *Womens boys and girls shoes well sorted,* 4 d, 6 d, 8 d, 10 d, & 20 d. *nails, shotts, bullets & gunpowder, steel corn-mills, best broad & narrow hows, cheshire cheeses, mill'd lead in sheets, strip'd duffils, blew plains, strip'd flannels, broad cloaths, shalloons & trimmings, bed blankets, tea & sugar, pewter plates, spoons and dishes, camlets, callimancoes, case knives & forks, callicoes and cambricks, threads, bed ticks, yarn stockings, mill'd caps, hollands, garlix, diaper, fencing files, spades, whip & cross cut saws, with several other goods, all which he will sell very cheap with a reasonable allowance for present pay.*

To be Sold

THree Stills, one thereof holds 30 Gallons, one 10 Gallons, and the third 5, with Worms and Worm-tubbs, Iron Hoops, Doors and Barrs, all fit to still; one brass Mortar, weighing 17 lb. and an universal Sun-dial, 9 Inches diameter, the largest ever made. Enquire of the Printer.

Just imported *in the Ship* Brook, John Keet *Commander, from* London, *and to be sold by* William Roper, *Indian corn mills, Crawley's broad & narrow hows, fire shovels & tongs, pewter, single and double refin'd sugar, raisins & currans in jugs. mens womens boys & girls shoes, mens & womens silk thread & worsted stockings, writing paper of all sorts, ink powder, playing cards. spice of all sorts, mens & boys hatts, hair powder. starch. fig blew, bohea and green tea, cambricks, kantings, bagg holland, chints, callicoes, table linnens, china taffeties, paduasoys. grograms, damasks, broad cloaths, sagathies, duroys with trimmings, cutlery ware, haberdashery, garlixs, joyners tools and sundry other sorts of goods usually imported.*

JUst imported in the Ship *Brook, John Keet* Master, and to be sold at reasonable rates. Welch Plains, strip'd Duffils, single refin'd Loaf Sugar, Umbrelloes, and Womens Ticken and Callimanco Shoes, by

RICHARD HILL.

To be Sold

BY WILLIAM HARVEY, English or Dwarf-Pease; Oats by the Bushel or in the Straw, as also good new Hay, Corn's Blades and Topps at 8 *l. per* Thousand.

Just imported *in the* Brook *Capt.* Keet *from* London, *and to be sold by* Hutchinson & Grimke *at their Store on the Bay, great choice of Linnens, white and brown, callicoes, fine chints, and great variety of Millenery, such as suits of dress'd night cloaths with ruffles, handkerchiefs, ribbons and rowles; sutes of fring'd linnen ruffles and handkerchiefs: French and English belindas plain & laced, pl in cambrick French mobbs, sutes of plain dress'd night cloaths; imbroidered & wrt silk aprons: sattin & peeling quilted petticoats & hoop petticoats: Best scotch snuff in Bottles at 22 s 6 d. per Bottle, fine pigg tail tobacco; china taffety with trimmings, grograms, damasks paduasoys, black velvet, cambricks, sundry sorts of threads, mens & womens worsted silk thread and cotton hose; plain & strip'd dimittys, mens hatts, durants, India silk handkerchiefs; fine broad cloath with trimmings, sundry haberdashery and cutlary wares; Mahogeny tables, burreaus and chests of drawers; looking glasses; choice of pictures fram'd & glaz'd, right Barbados citron water; Barbados & Antigua rum in hogsheads, terces & barrels; with sallad oyl, red & white wine in bottles.*

To be Sold at very reasonable Prizes by *Yeomans* and *Escott*, blew red and strip'd duffils, very fine strouds of different stripes, blew and red strip'd plains; fine fashionable colour'd druggets, fine bow dyed cadiz, spring knives and guilt belts; nests of trunks, Indian trading guns and hatchets; brass kettles powder and bullets, fine new-fashion candlesticks, 3 fourth garlix; bag and gulick holland, fine and coarse muslins; all sorts of callicoes, haberdashery ware in small trunks, horsewhipps; fine plain and silver laced hatts, English and India silk handkerchiefs of all sorts, as also mens and womens silk hose of different qualities, black crape; clouring and napkining diaper; tabling damask; Pomerania and Russia linnen, cambricks, floretts and poplins; mens womens & girls colour'd gloves, cloth and light colour'd sewing silk; fine & coarse mens & childrens velvet caps.

To be Sold

A Tract of Land on the North side of Ashley River, containing Eight or Nine Hundred Acres, being very good Rice and Corn Land, pleasantly situated on the River, the Front high bluff Land, within a mile of *Dorchester Town*, being part of *Woodbury* Plantation, the Quit-Rent an Ear of Corn when demanded Whoever has a mind to purchase the same, may treat with *George Nicholas* Esq: at *Dorchester Town*, or Capt. *Rob. Austin* Merchant, in *Charles Town*

To be Lett or Sold

A House with 4 Rooms on a Floor, with a good Kitchin and other Conveniencies, there being 12 Rooms in all, with good water and Pump, over against Mr. *Jeans* the Glaser. Enquire of THO: WEAVER, Carpenter.

To be Sold

A Plantation called *Hampstead*, distant from *Charlestown* five Miles, with a good Dwelling House and all other Conveniencies, for the Reception of any Family, a large Garden, well paled in with an Avenue of Orange Trees therein, as also an Orchard, consisting of Quince, Apple, Peach and Nectarine Trees, the whole Plantation under good and sufficient Cedar Post and Rail Fence: Any Person inclinable to purchase the same may treat with Mr. *John Chevillet*, at the said Plantation, or in Town at Mr. *Wm. Lasserres's*

Strap'd some Days ago from *Dorchester* Green a blak Stone-Horse, belonging to *John Winfield*, and branded on one of his Shoulders K and on the buttock TW. Whoever will bring the said Horse to his Owner, shall have 10 *l.* paid by *J: Winfield.*